```
/* This is the main driver for the Dot-Plot program.
     * Compilation: javac DotPlotUI.java
 2
    * Usage:
 3
                      java DotPlotUI
 4
    */
 5
 б
    import java.awt.*;
 7
    import javax.swing.*;
   import java.util.*;
 8
 9
    import java.io.*;
10
    import java.awt.event.*;
11
12
   public class DotPlotUI implements ActionListener
13
    ł
14
        // the following are the components used to make
15
        // up the application UI
16
        GraphPane graphPane;
17
        JTabbedPane tabbedPane;
        TextField tfDirectory = new TextField();
18
        TextField tfFile = new TextField();
19
20
        TextField tfFilter = new TextField();
        FileDialog fd;
21
22
        JFrame f;
23
        final JButton button1;
        final JButton button2;
24
25
        final JButton button3;
26
        TextArea textAreal;
27
        TextArea textArea2;
28
        JLabel window_label;
29
        JTextField window;
30
        JLabel threshold_label;
31
        JTextField threshold;
32
        TextArea status;
33
        JLabel status_label;
34
        JPanel pre_plot;
35
36
       /*
           The is the sole construction for the DotPlotUI
37
           In this constructor all the components are added
        *
38
           sequentially/
        */
39
40
        public DotPlotUI()
41
        {
            f = new JFrame("Dot-plot Comparative Sequence Analysis");
42
43
            f.getContentPane().setLayout(null);
44
            f.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
45
46
            GraphicsEnvironment env = GraphicsEnvironment.getLocalGraphicsEnvironment();
47
            Rectangle bounds = env.getMaximumWindowBounds();
48
            button1 = new JButton("Fasta File 1");
49
50
            button2 = new JButton("Fasta File 2");
            button3 = new JButton("Create Dot-plot");
51
            textArea1 = new TextArea("Fasta File 1", 10,10,TextArea.SCROLLBARS_NONE);
textArea2 = new TextArea("Fasta File 2", 10,10,TextArea.SCROLLBARS_NONE);
52
53
            status = new TextArea("", 10, bounds.width, TextArea.SCROLLBARS_VERTICAL_ONLY);
54
55
            status.setEditable(false);
56
            window_label = new JLabel("Windows Size");
57
            window = new JTextField(10);
58
            threshold_label = new JLabel("Threshold Size");
            threshold = new JTextField(10);
59
60
            status_label = new JLabel("Process Status/Error Info");
61
            pre_plot = new JPanel();
            pre_plot.setBackground(new Color(235,235,235));
62
63
64
            f.getContentPane().add(textAreal);
65
            f.getContentPane().add(button1);
66
            f.getContentPane().add(textArea2);
67
            f.getContentPane().add(button2);
68
            f.getContentPane().add(window_label);
69
            f.getContentPane().add(window);
70
            f.getContentPane().add(threshold_label);
71
            f.getContentPane().add(threshold);
72
            f.getContentPane().add(button3);
73
            f.getContentPane().add(status);
74
            f.getContentPane().add(status_label);
75
            f.getContentPane().add(pre_plot);
76
```

```
77
             button1.addActionListener(this);
 78
             button2.addActionListener(this);
 79
             window.addActionListener(this);
 80
             threshold.addActionListener(this);
 81
             button3.addActionListener(this);
 82
             textAreal.setBounds(10,10,182,150);
 83
 84
             Dimension size = button1.getPreferredSize();
 85
             button1.setBounds(10,170,size.width,size.height);
 86
             textArea2.setBounds(10,180+size.height,182,150);
 87
             size = button1.getPreferredSize();
 88
             button2.setBounds(10,340+size.height,size.width,size.height);
 89
             size = threshold_label.getPreferredSize();
             window_label.setBounds(10,420+size.height,size.width,size.height );
 90
 91
             window.setBounds(10+size.width+10,420+size.height,size.width,size.height);
 92
             threshold_label.setBounds(10,445+size.height,size.width,size.height);
 93
             threshold.setBounds(10+size.width+10,445+size.height,size.width,size.height);
 94
             size = button3.getPreferredSize();
 95
             button3.setBounds(10,485+size.height,size.width+5,size.height+5);
 96
             button3.setBackground(new Color(153,153,153));
 97
             size = status_label.getPreferredSize();
 98
             status_label.setBounds((int)((bounds.width/2)-(size.width/2)),bounds.height-115,size
 99
             status.setBounds(10, bounds.height-100, bounds.width-30,65);
100
             status.setBackground(new Color(255,255,204));
101
             status.setForeground(Color.red);
             pre_plot.setBounds(300,10, 600, 600);
102
103
104
             f.setSize((int)bounds.getWidth(),(int)bounds.getHeight());
105
             f.setLocation(0,0);
106
             f.setVisible(true);
107
         }
108
109
         /* This handles all action events to the Application UI.
110
           It poulates the Fasta File TextFields, and ultimatley
         *
111
            produces the dot-plot.
112
         * /
113
         public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent evt)
114
115
             // load the first fasta file
116
             if ((evt.getActionCommand()).equals("Fasta File 1")) {
                 fd = new FileDialog(f, null, FileDialog.LOAD);
117
118
                 fd.setDirectory(".\\");
119
             }
120
             // load the second fasta file
121
             else if ((evt.getActionCommand()).equals("Fasta File 2"))
122
             {
123
                 fd = new FileDialog(f, null, FileDialog.LOAD);
124
                 fd.setDirectory(".\\");
125
             }
126
             // display the dot-plot of the previously loaded data
             else if ((evt.getActionCommand()).equals("Create Dot-plot"))
127
128
             {
129
                 graphPane = new GraphPane(textArea1.getText(),textArea2.getText(),getWindow(),get
130
                 f.getContentPane().add(graphPane);
131
                 graphPane.setBounds(300,10, 600, 600);
132
                 // display program status
133
                 status.append("Info: Dot-plot sequence analysis diagram created!");
134
             }
135
             // Populate textArea_1 with sequences
136
             if ((evt.getActionCommand()).equals("Fasta File 1"))
137
             {
138
                 fd.show();
                 String sequence = this.readFile(fd.getDirectory()+fd.getFile());
139
140
                 textArea1.replaceRange(sequence,0,textArea1.getText().length());
141
                 // display program status
142
                 status.append("Info: Fast File 1 sequence data loaded, " + sequence.length()
143
                               + " characters in length.\n");
144
145
             // Populate textArea_2 with sequences
146
             else if((evt.getActionCommand()).equals("Fasta File 2"))
147
             {
148
                 fd.show();
                 String sequence = this.readFile(fd.getDirectory()+fd.getFile());
149
150
                 textArea2.replaceRange(sequence,0,textArea2.getText().length());
151
                 // display program status
152
                 status.append("Info: Fast File 2 sequence data loaded, " + sequence.length()
```

153

```
154
             }
155
         }
156
157
         /* This method is used to collect the window size in the
158
           text-fields. If they are empty or erroneous a default value
159
         *
            of 100 is chosen, and a warning message outputted.
160
161
         * /
162
         public int getWindow()
163
164
165
             String win_val = window.getText();
166
             if(win_val.equals("") || win_val == null)
167
             {
168
                 status.append("Warning: No window size selected, using default window size of 10
169
                 return 100;
170
             }
171
             win_val.trim();
172
             boolean is_number = true;
173
174
             for(int i=0; i<win_val.length(); i++)</pre>
175
             {
176
                  if(Character.isDigit(win_val.charAt(i)) == false)
177
                  {
                      is_number = false;
178
179
                      break;
180
                  }
181
182
             if(is_number == false)
183
             {
184
                  status.append("Error: The chosen window size is not a number, using default window
185
                 return 100;
186
             1
187
             else
188
             {
                 status.append("Info: Window size set at: " + win_val + ".\n");
189
190
                 return Integer.parseInt(win_val);
191
             }
192
         }
193
194
         /* This method is used to collect the threshold size in the
195
            text-fields. If they are empty or erroneous a default value
196
            of 100 is chosen, and a warning message outputted.
         * /
197
198
         public int getThreshold()
199
200
201
             String thres_val = window.getText();
202
             if(thres_val.equals("") || thres_val == null)
203
             {
204
                  status.append("Warning: No threshold size selected, using default threshold size
205
                 return 100;
206
207
             thres_val.trim();
208
             boolean is_number = true;
209
210
             for(int i=0; i<thres_val.length(); i++)</pre>
211
             {
212
                  if(Character.isDigit(thres_val.charAt(i)) == false)
213
214
                      is_number = false;
215
                      break;
216
                  }
217
218
             if(is_number == false)
219
220
                 status.append("Error: The chosen threshold size is not a number, using default the
221
                 return 100;
222
             }
223
             else
224
225
                  status.append("Info: Threshold size set at: " + thres_val + ".\n");
226
                 return Integer.parseInt(thres_val);
227
             }
228
         }
```

+" characters in length.\n");

```
229
230
         /\,{}^{\star} This method reads the genomic sequences from the file
231
         *
           passed in the argument. The file must be of FASTA formatting.
         */
232
233
         public String readFile(String file)
234
         {
             BufferedReader inFile = null;
235
236
             String sequence = "";
237
238
             try{
239
                  inFile = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(file));
240
241
                  String str = null;
242
                  while((str = inFile.readLine()) != null)
243
244
                  {
245
                      if(!str.equals(""))
246
                      {
                          if(str.substring(0,1).equals(">"))
247
248
                          {
249
                              while((str = inFile.readLine()) != null && !str.equals(""))
250
                                   sequence = sequence.concat(str);
251
                          }
252
                      }
253
                  }
254
             }
255
             catch (IOException e)
256
              {
                  System.out.println("INPUT ERROR: Input file not recognized at DotPlotUI.readFile
257
258
                  System.exit(1);
259
             }
260
             return sequence;
261
         }
262
263
         public static void main(String[] args)
264
         ł
265
             new DotPlotUI();
266
         }
267
     }
268
269
```